Authority Monitoring Report 2023-24

The Authority Monitoring Report (AMR) tracks the progress and achievements of Local Plan policies. Monitoring indicators are set out in Havering's Local Plan 2016-2031. This AMR sets out Havering's current position on each indicator.

Indicators are split into the 8 categories of the Local Plan. AMRs monitor the financial year period between April and March of each year. The 2023-24 AMR covers the period 1st April 2023 to 31st March 2024.

The layout of this document shows each indicator, alongside a detailed target and the indicator's relation to specific Local Plan policies.

Havering is committed to tackling climate change, as laid out in the Council's <u>climate</u> <u>change action plan</u>. Performance monitoring on the action plan will take place annually to track progress and will be made publicly available. The Council will monitor and publish CO₂ emissions arising from Council activities once a year. The most recent report, Havering Climate Change Action Plan 2024-27 Annual Report incorporating Carbon Emissions Data (May 2025) is available here <u>Agenda item - Havering Climate</u> <u>Change Action Plan 2024-27 Annual Report | London Borough of Havering</u>

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1. PLACES TO LIVE

| Related Local Plan Policy | Indicators | Target | Results |
|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| Housing (Policies 1, 2 and 3) | Annual Net additional dwellings completed | Delivering a minimum of: • 700 new dwellings* per year during Phase 1 of the Plan Period (2016/2017-2020/2021) • 1,801 new dwellings* per year during Phase 2 (2021/2022-2025/2026) of the Plan Period and 1641 (2025/2026) • 1170 new dwellings* per year during Phase 4 of the Plan Period (2026/2027-2030/2031) | Havering has achieved 577** net additional dwellings for 2023/24. The target for this period in the Council's Local Plan was 1,801. ** this comprises of 620 completions and 36 demolitions and 3 Mobile Homes |
| | Net additional dwellings completed from the 2016 financial year onwards | in accordance with Policy 3 *net dwellings Meeting the cumulative housing requirement target since (and including) the 2016 financial year | Net additional dwellings from 2016 to 2024 are as follows; • 2016/2017 = 607 (target 700) • 2017/2018 = 277 (target 700) • 2018/2019 = 465 (target 700) • 2019/2020 = 519 (target 700) • 2020/2021 = 512 (target 700) • 2021/2022 = 624 (target 1,801) • 2022/2023 = 1,032 (target 1,801) • 2023/2024 = 577 (target 1,801) |

| Net additional dwellings in: i. Romford Strategic Development Area ii. Rainham Strategic Development Area iii. Council housing estates outside the Strategic Development Areas iv. Other major sites outside the Strategic Development Areas and Council housing estates v. Small sites and through vacant units returning to use | At least 5,000 new homes on Major sites in the Romford Strategic Development Area (including Twelve Estate Regeneration Programme sites) At least new 3,000 homes on Major sites in the Rainham and Beam Park Strategic Development Area (including Twelve Estate Regeneration Programme sites) At least new 300 homes through the Twelve Estates Programme (these sites are outside the Strategic Development Areas) At least 1,500 homes on | Total net homes delivered 2016 – 2023 = 4,163 Completions from 2023/24 are as follows; Romford Strategic Development Area = 58 net homes Rainham and Beam Park Strategic Development Area = 146 net homes Twelve Estates Programme = 0 net homes Major sites outside the Strategic Development Areas and Twelve Estates Regeneration Programme sites = 289 net homes Small sites and vacant units returning to use = 84 net homes |
|--|--|---|
| | Development Areas) | |

| | Percentage of dwellings built on previously developed land | Regeneration Programme sites • At least 1,500 homes on small sites and vacant units returning to use | 100% of dwellings were built on previous developed land in 2023/24. | ly |
|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|----------------|
| | Number of dwellings lost to other uses (without re- provision) | Minimal loss of housing to other uses | 0 dwellings were lost to other uses without provision. | ut re- |
| | Projected net additional dwellings up to the end of the Local Plan period | 18,930 net units provided over the Plan Period in accordance with Policy 3 | Refer to Annex 1: Housing Trajectory and year land supply. | d 5 |
| Affordable Housing (Policy 4) | Net affordable housing completions (number and as a percentage of net housing completions) | Delivering at least 35% or 50%* new affordable homes per year on threshold sites in accordance with Policy 4. *on public land and industrial sites (see Policy 4) | Type of affordable housing Affordable rent and London Living Rent Intermediate Shared equity Social rent Total Net affordable homes 2023/24 The total net market homes delivered for 2023/24 was 54 homes. This makes the percentage of affordable homes complete equivalent to 9% of all net housing complete | ed letions. |
| | Net affordable housing completions by tenure type (number and as a | Delivering a tenure mix of 70% social / affordable rent and 30% intermediate provision on | For the period 2023/24, affordable homes delivery percentages were 0% intermedia 100% social /affordable rent. | |

| | percentage of net affordable housing completions) | threshold sites in accordance with Policy 4 | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|---|------------------------|---|------------|-------------|
| Housing Mix (Policy 5) | Net completions by housing size and type | Delivering housing mix comprising: • Market Housing: 5% (1 Bed), 15% (2 Bed), 64% (3 Bed) and 16% (4+ Bed) • Affordable Housing: 10% (1 Bed), 40% (2 Bed), 40% (3 Bed) and 10 (4+ Bed) in accordance with Policy 5 | | Net completions and % 2 (0.5%) 181 (33%) 228 (41%) 118 (21%) 22 (4%) 2 (0.5%) 553 of 35 completions a net loss of 1 | | |
| Specialist Housing (Policy 6) | Net additional specialist housing completions | Delivering 255 new homes per year in accordance with Policy 6 until updated by subsequent reviews of the Havering Specialist Older Persons Accommodation Report (2015) | 0 net unit complete | s of specialist d | older pers | ons housing |
| Residential design and | Number and proportion of housing completions that | All new homes to meet National Standard | | omes in Haver ional Space St | _ | • |

| amenity (Policy 7) | meet the National Space Standards | | | ial circumstances | |
|--|---|--|---------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|
| Houses in Multiple Occupation (Policy 8) | Net additional HMO completions | Proposals do not result in more than 10% of properties in one street becoming HMOs (including lawful HMOs) in accordance with Policy 8 | There was a ne in the period mo | t gain of 38 bedr onitored. | ooms in HMOs |
| Conversions and sub- divisions (Policy 9) | Net additional completions arising from: i. Conversions of existing non-residential buildings ii. Sub-division of residential developments | Proposals to increase housing stock in Havering comply with Policy 9 (and Policies 7, 24 and 35) | buildings = 71 r | existing non-res net homes residential devel | |
| Garden and backland development (Policy 10) | Net additional housing completions on garden and backland | Net increase in housing stock secured through development that meets the requirements of Policy 10 | | aningful way to gookland completion cations. | |
| Gypsy and traveller accommodation | Net additional gypsy and traveller pitches and travelling showpersons | The provision of gypsy and traveller pitch provision and pitches for travelling show people | | allocated pitche ex A.6, Havering | s for Gypsy and Local Plan); |
| (Policy 11) | plots | to reflect the Gypsy and Traveller Accommodation Assessment Update report (July 2019) in accordance with Policy 11. No net loss of pitches or plots. | Site | Pitches Allocated in Local Plan for 5 year need | Planning Status |
| | | | 66-72 Lower Bedfords Road | 3 | Planning permission for 3 pitches |

| | | granted 09/08/23 P0542.22 |
|---|----|---|
| Ashlea View | 5 | No planning application received |
| Church Road | 25 | Permission granted for 25 pitches 7/11/23 P1798.22 |
| Crow lane (r/o 21) | 2 | No planning application received |
| Gravel Pit Coppice | 14 | Permission granted for 12 units for Plots 2-5 (excluding Plot 1). 26/04/24 P0543.22 |
| Haunted House Wood | 5 | P1259.22 Approved 10/10/22 for 5 pitches |
| Hogbar Farm and Hogbar Farm East, Fairhill Rise and Vinegar Hill | 55 | Planning permission for 55 pitches granted 19/12/2023 P0544.22 |

| Hogbar Farm | 7 | No |
|------------------|--------------|----------------------|
| West | | application received |
| Laburnham | 10 | No |
| Stables | | application received |
| Railway | 13 | No |
| Sidings, | | application |
| North | | received |
| Ockendon | | |
| The Caravan | 5 | No |
| Park, Putwell | | application |
| Bridge | | received |
| The Grove, | 5 | P1524.17 |
| Prospect | | Undetermined |
| Road | | |
| The Old | 2 | P0575.22 |
| Forge/ | | Refused |
| Hubbards | | 6/10/22 |
| Chase | | |
| Tyas Stud | 5 | P0727.22 |
| Farm | | Undetermined |
| Willow Tree | 6 | P0118.22 |
| Lodge | | refused |
| | | 15/03/24 |
| | | |
| 1 pitch was allo | wed on appea | I on a non |
| designated site | | |

| Self-Build | Self build demand; | Support self-build initiatives, in | | d register ent | ries since 2016 a | are as |
|--------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------|
| New Indicator. This is not an | Total number of people on Havering's self | accordance with Policy 3. | follows; Year | Individual entries | Association entries | |
| indicator in the | build register | | BP1 | 115 | 0 | |
| Local Plan, | Plots approved for | | BP2 | 99 | 1 | |
| however the | self build | | BP3 | 30 | 2 | |
| Council is required to | | | BP4 | 50 | 1 | |
| report this | | | BP5 | 49 | 0 | |
| information to | | | BP6 | 63 | 2 | |
| central | | | BP7 | 37 | 0 | |
| government on | | | BP8 | 2 | 0 | |
| an annual basis. | | | Total | 445 | 6 | |
| basis. | | | Plots application follows; | proved over t | he past 6 years | are as |
| | | | Year | Self-bui | | |
| | | | 2018-19 | | | |
| | | | 2019-20 | 0 0 | | |
| | | | 2020-2 | | | |
| | | | 2021-22 | | | |
| | | | 2022-23 | | | |
| | | | 2023-24 | | | |
| | | | Total | 3 | | |

2. THRIVING COMMUNITIES

| Related Local Plan Policy | Indicators | Target | Results |
|---|---|---|---|
| Healthy Communities (Policy 12) | Percentage of major applications submitted with a Health Impact Assessment | All major proposals to be submitted with a Health Impact Assessment in accordance with Policy 12 | There were 13 relevant major applications requiring submission of an HIA in the monitoring period. Of these applications, 2 were submitted with an HIA. The validation list was updated to require a HIA in September 2022. |
| Town Centre Development (Policy 13) | Position of Havering's town centres in the London strategic town centre network | Havering town centres retain their position in the London Strategic town centre network (as defined in the London Plan) in accordance with Policy 13 and Map 1 | There has been no change to local town centre designations in the period monitored. Current town centre designations; Romford (Metropolitan centre) Hornchurch (district centre) Upminster (district centre) Collier Row (district centre) Elm Park (district centre) Harold Hill (district centre) Rainham (district centre) |
| Town centre Development (Policy 13) | Amount of completed retail floorspace in Havering's metropolitan and district centres | In accordance with Policy 13: • make provision for a minimum of 20,722 square metres of comparison floorspace in Havering by 2031 • make provision for a minimum of 10,881 square | There was a net loss of 142 square metres of retail floorspace in Havering's metropolitan and district centres. The 142 sq m relates to a single application in Romford Town Centre (J0041.19) A further 42 sqm was lost outside of the metropolitan and District Centres (relating to application P0382.22) |

| | | metres of convenience floorspace in Havering by 2031 make provision for a minimum of 10,619 square metres of commercial leisure floorspace in Havering by 2031 | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Town centre Development (Policy 13) | In Havering's primary and secondary frontages, the number and percentage of: (i) Vacancies, (ii) A1 and A2 units, (iii) A5 units, (iv) betting shops, (v) payday loan shops | In accordance with Policy 13, ensure that: • the proportion of A1 and A2 uses is more than 60% in primary frontages • the proportion of A5 uses to be greater than 10% in primary frontages and to maintain a minimum of 3 units in alternative uses between A5 uses • the proportion of betting shops and pay day loan shops in primary and secondary frontages and local centres to comprise a maximum of 5% or 1 unit (whichever is the greater) and there to be a minimum of 3 units in alternative use between these uses | The data is based on metropolitan and district centres (rather than primary and secondary frontages specifically) for Q4, Jan - Mar 2024. See Table 1 on page 15 for the full dataset. i. Average vacancy rate is 8.2% ii. The average proportion of A1 and A2 uses in metropolitan and district centres is 62.6% iii. The average proportion of A5 uses in metropolitan and district centres is 5.2% iv. The average proportion of sui generis uses (which includes but is not limited to betting shops and pay day loan shops) in metropolitan and district centres is 1.1% Please also note that A1 and A2 uses now fall under Use Class E, and A5, betting shops and payday loans shops all fall under Use Class Sui Generis. |

| Eating and Drinking (Policy 14) | Net additional A3 and A4 units and floorspace in Havering's metropolitan and district centres | Enhancing the quality of Romford and Havering's District Centres | A3 and A4 use classes no longer exist and these are split between the new E use class and Sui generis. No completions were recorded for Sui generis use as pub or drinking establishment (previously A4). No completions were recorded for cafes or restaurants (previous A3 uses), however these uses benefit from permitted development rights and therefore the completions data would not capture where there has been a change of use using permitted development rights. |
|---|--|---|--|
| Culture and creativity (Policy 15) | Net additional arts, cultural and leisure floorspace in town centres and out of town centres | Enhancing Havering's town centres and out of town locations | There was no change in arts, cultural or leisure facility floorspace. |
| Social Infrastructure (Policy 16) | Net additional floorspace for social infrastructure facilities | Provision of new social and community infrastructure in a timely and efficient manner and in appropriate locations to support, population, housing, employment and economic growth in accordance with Policies 1, 2 and 16 of the Local Plan and the Infrastructure Delivery Plan | There was a net gain of 1,307 square meters for social infrastructure facilities. This includes the completion of a new Special Education Needs and Disability School at St Edwards Academy, |
| Social Infrastructure (Policy 16) | Average size of GP patient list | Securing GP medical facilities to improve the ratio for the average | There are currently 39 GP practises covering Havering. This is equal to 131.06 full time equivalent GPs covering 292,331 patients, |

| | | number of patients per GP currently 1:1,991) | putting the current GP to patient ratio at 1: 2,230. This is slightly higher than the ratio of 1:1991 stated in the Local Plan. |
|---|---|--|---|
| Social Infrastructure (Policy 16) | Net additional floorspace for educational purposes | Provision of education infrastructure in a timely and efficient manner and in appropriate locations to support, population and housing growth in accordance with the Policies 1, 2 and 17 of the Local Plan and the Infrastructure Delivery Plan | There was a net gain of 2,091 sqm in floorspace for educational purposes This comprises the completion of a new Special Education Needs and Disability School at St Edwards Academy (P1129.21) |
| Open space, leisure and recreation (Policy 18) | Net loss/gain of public open space, playing fields and leisure floorspace | No net loss of open space designated for protection in the Local Plan in accordance with Policy 18 | There was a net loss of 122 sqm in open space, playing fields or leisure floorspace in the time period monitored. |
| Open space, leisure and recreation (Policy 18) | Number of open spaces with Green Flag Awards | To maintain and increase the number of open spaces that secure Green Flag status | There are 17 parks in Havering that have the Green Flag Award. This is an increase from the 11 parks that held the award listed in the published local plan: 1. Central Park 2. Bedfords Park 3. Rise Park 4. Lawns Park 5. Harold Wood Park 6. Cottons Park 7. St Andrews Park 8. Hylands Park 9. Haynes Park 10. Raphael Park 11. Lodge Farm Park 12. Upminster Park |

| | 13. Belhus Woods Country Park 14. Spring Farm Park 15. Hornchurch Country Park 16. Langtons Gardens 17. Harrow Lodge Park |
|--|---|
|--|---|

*Table 1: Q4, Jan - Mar 2024

| | Vacancies | A1 units | A2 units | A5 units | Betting and payday loan shops (sui generis class) |
|------------------|------------|-------------|------------|---------------|---|
| Collier Row | 3 (3.8%) | 40 (53.3%) | 9 (12.0%) | 8 (10.7%) | 0 |
| Elm Park | 3 (2.4%) | 71 (58.7%) | 12 (9.9%) | 19 (15.7%) | 2 (1.7%) |
| Harold Hill | 3 (4.5%) | 44 (68.8%) | 6 (9.4%) | 3 (4.7%) | 1 (1.6%) |
| Hornchurch | 18 (9.5%) | 77 (45.0%) | 28 (16.4%) | 7 (4.1%) | 2 (1.2%) |
| Rainham | 3 (7.0%) | 20 (50%) | 9 (22.5%) | 5 (12.5%) | 0 |
| Romford | 49 (11.8%) | 239 (64.9%) | 24 (6.5%) | 1 (0.3%) | 6 (1.6%) |
| Upminster | 11 (6.3%) | 90 (54.9%) | 15 (19.1%) | 14 (8.5%) | 1 (0.6%) |
| AVERAGE % | 8.2% | 53.2% | 9.4% | 5.2% | 1.1% |

3. OPPORTUNITIES TO PROSPER

| Related Local Plan Policy | Indicators | Target | Results |
|--|---|--|--|
| Business Growth (Policy 19) | Amount of designated and non-designated industrial floorspace lost to non-industrial uses | The amount of industrial land released to other uses will not exceed 24.5 hectares in Havering over the Plan Period in accordance with Policy 19 | 3,866 sqm of non-designated industrial land (B1) was lost to other uses (residential). This equates to 0.39 hectares. No designated industrial land was lost to other uses. |
| | Net additional office floorspace | Delivery of additional 17,132 square metres of B1 floorspace in Havering over the Plan Period in accordance with Policy 19 | 0 net sqm of B1 floor space gained. This includes B1a (b) and (c) uses. |
| Loss of locally significant industrial sites and non-designated land (Policy 20) | Amount of employment land lost to residential and/or commercial developments | The amount of industrial land released to other uses in Havering will not exceed 24.5 hectares over the Plan Period in accordance with Policy 19 | 3,866 sqm of non-designated industrial land (B1) was lost to other uses (residential). This equates to 0.39 hectares. No designated industrial land was lost to other uses. |
| Affordable workspace (Policy 21) | Number of affordable workspace units delivered | A net increase in the number of affordable workspaces over the Plan Period in accordance with Policy 21 | Based on completions in 2023/24, no affordable workspace units were provided. |
| | Net additional affordable workspace floorspace | Provision of a minimum of 10% of floorspace in major commercial and mixed use schemes over the | Based on completions in 2023/24, no affordable workspace was provided. |

| | | Plan Period in accordance with Policy 21 | |
|---------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Skills and training (Policy 22) | Percentage of local labour used in the construction of new developments and end user phase where applicable | In accordance with Policy 22: A minimum local labour target of 20% during construction and end user phase for major commercial or mixed use developments including a proportion of apprenticeships where the length of construction phase allows A minimum local labour target of 20% during construction for major residential developments | Of the Major schemes approved during the monitoring period, local labour requirements were secured on 37% of applications. (Eight major applications to which Policy 22 applies were received during the monitoring period, of which 3 applications complied.) |

4. CONNECTIONS

| Related Local Plan Policy | Indicators | Target | Results |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Transport connections (Policy 23) | Proportion of journeys made by Havering school pupils to school by walking and cycling | Pupil hands up survey data collected via the TfL STARS accreditation scheme to demonstrate that car use is maintained annually at 21% and cycling at 5%. | School travel data is collected per academic year, rather than for the financial year the AMR monitoring period follows. The data presented is for the academic year 2023/2024 and was collected via the TfL Travel for Life accreditation scheme (formerly TfL STARS). This data is collected from 51 schools in the borough, which is not all schools in the borough, however it serves as a good representation of the whole borough's average travel modes; - Walking 41% - Scooting 11% - Cycling 5% - Rail 0% - Tube 0% - Public Bus 10% - School Bus 1% - Car 16% - Car Share 2% - Park and stride 14% The totals for walking, scooting and cycling over the last 5 years are as follows; |
| | | | - 2019/20 = 58% |

| | | - 2020/21 = 54% - 2021/22 = 57% - 2022/23 = 59% - 2023/24 = 57% |
|--|---|---|
| Number of jobs within a minute public transport journey of each local centre and town centre measured in the AM pe | number of jobs available within 45 minutes of each town centre and local centre | This indicator is not measurable as data is not available for jobs within a 45 minute public transport journey of each local centre and town centre. |
| Car use and car owner across the borough | ship Mode share for car use in Havering does not increase above current level of 58%. | Car use in Havering is 58% (data from 2024, Q1, based on 17-80 yr olds). This is unchanged from the previous year for the same period. |
| Number of road accide (collisions) by age and Ward | 3 | This data is measured on an annual basis (1st January 2023 to 31st December 2023), rather than a financial year basis, so differs slightly from the AMR timescale. Additionally, road accident data is not collected by age or by ward, but instead is collected on a borough-wide scale. Havering had a total of 648 road accidents in 2023. The breakdown of these accidents are below; Fatal = 3 Serious = 65 Slight = 580 KSI's include both fatal and serious injuries, so the KSI's total is 68. |
| | | For comparison, previous year's KSI's are as follows; 2017= 70 |

| | | | 2018 = 79 2019 = 86 2020 = 71 2021 = 77 2022 = 86 2023 = 68 |
|---|--|--|--|
| | Progress on the delivery of key transport infrastructure projects as set out in Policy 23 and others that arise over the Plan Period | Feasibility studies progressed in accordance with their respective programme | See Table 2** below for details |
| Parking provision and design (Policy 24) | Percentage of completed development schemes meeting the required parking standards | All permissions granted for new development are in accordance with Policy 24 | Eighty-six per cent of all relevant major schemes approved in the monitoring period met Havering parking standards. |
| Digital Connections (Policy 25) | Percentage of new developments with access to high-speed broadband | All permissions granted for new residential and non-residential properties allow for the provision of superfast broadband in order to allow connection to that network as and when it is made available in | New Building Regulations came into force on 26 th December 2022, requiring developers to install gigabit-ready infrastructure and gigabit-capable broadband connection in new homes. For the Council's Joint Venture housing |
| | | accordance with Policy 25 | schemes, fibre optic broadband will be installed. New Green and Park Rise schemes have had superfast broadband with fibre optic fitted in the monitoring period. |

**Table 2: Transport Projects

| Project (listed in policy 23) | Update for 1st April 2023 – 31st March 2024 |
|--|--|
| Maximising the development opportunities supported by Crossrail as well as the benefits for local businesses and residents; | Direct services to Paddington on the Elizabeth line from Harold Wood Gidea Park and Romford were introduced in November 2022. Direct services to Heathrow Airport were introduced in May 2023 |
| Lobbying for an increased train frequency and greater capacity on the Essex Thameside (C2C) line serving Rainham, Upminster and the proposed Beam Park stations; | Ongoing discussions with TfL, GLA and the DfT to secure the delivery of Beam Park Station. |
| Lobbying for peak time 'fast' services serving Romford Station; | This continues to be a station aspiration for Havering. Fast services to Southend Victoria and Clacton on Sea currently only run during the off peak. Whilst the Council will continue to lobby Network Rail and the Train Operating Company for such improvement challenges around rail capacity on the network remain. |
| Progressing improved north to south public transport connections in the borough, improving access to the Romford and Rainham and Beam Park Strategic Development Areas and Queens Hospital | A high-level feasibility study has been carried out looking at a potential new north south public transport link between Romford and Rainham and Beam Park Housing Zones. The outputs from this study are currently being reviewed as the assumptions made were pre-Covid. A report has been prepared following a review of the work done to date which is being considered by Officers. A paper will be discussed with the Administration in the new year setting out next steps for the study and a decision will be taken whether to progress feasibility work to the next stage. |

| Improving bus connections to/from key trip generators such as Queens Hospital; | Funding has been secured through a developer S106 Contribution for an additional bus stop at Queens Hospital Bus interchange. An additional bus stop is needed before any further bus routes can be rerouted to Queens Hospital and further discussions with TfL Buses will take place once this S106 funding has been released. |
|---|---|
| | Discussions have been taking place with TfL on a potential Superloop 2 route between Romford, Elm Park and Rainham. This route would also connect with Queens Hospital. Discussions are at an early stage with the current priority agreeing on a location for a Bus Stand and driver facilities. |
| Enhancing strategic transport links across the borough; | An Active Travel Strategy has been drafted and was published for consultation in Autumn 2024. Officers are reviewing the consultation responses with a revised draft Strategy to be produced in the new year and taken to Members for adoption. The Council is working with the London Riverside BID to better understand travel patterns and aspirations for employers and employees. Travel surveys with employers and employees of the BID businesses have been carried out with the data currently being reviewed. |
| Improving road safety in the borough, especially in the vicinity of schools and KSI "hotspots"; | Phase 3 of School Streets saw a further 3 School Streets implemented in the Autumn (2023/24 Academic Year). There are 13 School Street locations in Havering covering 17 schools. The Council is currently consulting on phase 4 of the School Streets programme with a further three schools being proposed for School Streets. The consultation closes on 31st January 2025. |

| | The Council delivers Road Safety Education programmes across school Years 1 to 7 and supports schools participating in the TfL Explores Ambassadors programme. Through the Local Implementation Plan Accident reduction schemes are being delivered to improve safety in a number of locations. |
|---|--|
| Providing residents with options to travel sustainably and enabling walking and cycling | A residential Cycle Parking Programme is being delivered which will see secure cycle parking spaces installed across a number of Council Residential Estates across the borough. |
| Working with partners to provide sustainable access to key employment areas across the borough including Rainham Employment Area and Queens Hospital; | The Council is working with the London Riverside BID to better understand travel patterns and aspirations for employers and employees. Travel surveys with employers and employees of the BID businesses have been carried out with the data currently being reviewed. |
| | Discussions are taking place with TfL to deliver a section of Superloop 2 between Romford, Elm Park and Rainham terminating the route along Ferry Lane in the London Riverside Business Improvement District (BID). |
| Requiring new development to optimise sustainable access and other future transport connections, wherever applicable; | Working with TfL London Buses to improve transport connections in and around the Rainham and Beam Park Strategic Development Area. This includes looking at potential new bus connections and the re-routing of existing connections. |
| Tackling key congestion "hotspots" through remodelling of Gallows Corner and Romford Ring Road to improve motor vehicle traffic flow and improve air quality; | The Council worked with TfL who put forward a business case to the DfT for Major Roads Network funding to replace the existing flyover at Gallows Corner. The Full Business Case received approval from the DfT and work on the flyover began in March 2025 with a full closure of the junction over the summer. The works are expected to be completed in September 2025. |

| Promoting the benefits of active travel to schools, local businesses and developers and supporting the development, delivery and monitoring of school, residential and workplace travel plans; | The Council continues to work closely with schools and support them with their School Travel Plans. In Havering 60 schools are currently engaged in the TfL Travel for Life programme and 55 are accredited. Of these, 41 schools are at Gold level, 4 schools at Silver and 10 schools are at Bronze. |
|--|---|
| Ensuring good sustainable access between new developments and public transport interchanges in the borough to promote active travel; | The Council is supportive of schemes that demonstrate a commitment to active travel. All Major schemes have to submit a transport assessment which sets out how a development supports the Mayor's Vision Zero initiative and Healthy Streets approach. Full Travel Plans or Travel Plan Statements are expected as part of Planning Applications for smaller size developments. |
| Supporting new developments that include shared use routes for people walking and cycling which lead to public open spaces and parks to promote active recreational activities; | The Council is supportive of schemes that demonstrate a commitment to active travel and that support the Healthy Streets and Vision Zero agendas. |
| Taking an active role in the A127 Corridor for Growth project through cross borough engagement with Essex County Council and seeking improvements to the A127 that will facilitate growth along this corridor; | The Council is working with National Highway to secure improvements to the A127 to mitigate the impact of the Lower Thames Crossing project. To date this has included a commitment from National Highway to deliver a pedestrian, cycling and horse-riding bridge over the A127 between Moor Lane and Folkes Lane. The Council is currently awaiting the Secretary of State for Transport's decision on whether to grant LTC planning consent. |
| Working with neighbouring authorities to better co-ordinate highway works. | Under the NRSWA 1991 and Traffic Management Act 2004 any works that affect neighbouring boroughs are coordinated with those respective authorities. Neighbouring authorities attend Havering NRSWA meetings so they are kept fully engaged and are aware of upcoming works that may impact on their own network. |
| Working with partners including the port of London Authority to explore opportunities for | The Council stated throughout the Lower Thames Crossing Examination that it supported the intention of National |

| utilising the River Thames for freight and | Highways to utilise the River Thames for the movement of |
|--|---|
| passenger transport to reduce traffic congestion | Materials and Waste during construction of the Lower Thames |
| and support local businesses | Crossing. |

5. HIGH QUALITY PLACES

| Related Local Plan Policy | Indicators | Target | Results |
|---------------------------------|--|--|---|
| Urban Design (Policy 26) | Number of schemes subject to the Quality Review Panel | Promoting good design in all new development schemes in accordance with Policy 26. Ensuring development makes a positive contribution to place making and local distinctiveness in accordance with Policy 26. | The Quality Review Panel (QRP) was set up to provide additional expert advice to inform the planning process that already takes place at Havering. By offering advice to applicants during the pre-application process and by commenting on planning applications, the Quality Review Panel supports Havering's planning officers and planning committee in securing high quality development. There have been 5 schemes taken to QRP in the time period measured: 20/06/23 - Romford Gas Works 20/06/23 - Havering Characterisation Study 21/11/23 - Chippenham Road (Harold Hill) 12/12/23 - Dorrington Gardens Car Park(Hornchurch) 06/02/23 - Como St Car Park Site (Romford) |
| Landscaping (Policy 27) | Number of major applications approved without a detailed landscape scheme | Ensuring that all major developments are supported by a high-quality landscaping scheme to make a positive contribution place making and local distinctiveness in accordance with Policy 27 | The Council requires all major schemes to be submitted with a landscaping scheme through the validation list. One major application was approved without a detailed landscape scheme in the time period measured: P1579.22 |

| | | | Former Gasworks Crow Lane Romford RM7 0ED Change of use of the land to open storage (class B8) for temporary period up to 3 years. |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|---|
| Heritage Assets (Policy 28) | Number of heritage assets on the Heritage at Risk Register | Annual reduction in the number of assets on the heritage at risk register Heritage assets within Havering are conserved and enhanced in a manner appropriate to their special interest, character or appearance and significance in accordance with Policy 28 | (class B8) for temporary period up to 3 years. On November 1st 2023, Upminster Windmill was removed from the register due to its successful restoration project completion. The Upminster Tithe Barn was added to the register due to concerns with the thatched roof. Although included in the list below, Historic England confirmed in June 2025 that the Tithe Barn will be removed from the register as a result of repairs. More information is available here. Further information about the register can be found here. Assets on the register therefore remains at 11 for the monitoring period: Garden Walls at Cranham Hall, The Chase, Cranham, Havering Garden walls to former North Ockendon Hall, Church Lane, North Ockendon, Havering Two brick barns and garden walls to south of Bretons House, Rainham Road, Hornchurch Footbridge to rear of Nos. 52 and 54, The |
| | | | Grove, Upminster, Havering |

| | Number of applications permitted affecting designated heritage assets Number of Conservation Areas with up-to date Appraisals and Management Plans | All permissions granted which affect a designated heritage asset are in accordance with Policy 28 Appraisals and Management Plans for Conservation Areas in Havering are less than 5 years old | Mill Cottage, The Dell, High Street, Hornchurch, Havering Outbuilding to the rear of The Old Anchor, Harwood Hall Lane, Havering The Rom Skatepark, Havering Dagenham Park Farm moated site, Noak Hill, Romford High House Farmhouse, Ockendon Road 10. Romford Conservation area 11. Upminster Tithe Barn More detail of these heritage assets, and the reasons for them being at risk, can be found on the Heritage England website here. The Council is currently reviewing assets on the At Risk register and working with Historic England to see what can be set up to help move towards removal of assets from the register. There were no permissions granted in the monitoring period measured that affected a designated heritage asset. Havering's LDS commits to a review of all Conservation Area Appraisals and Management Plans (CAAMPs). No updated Appraisals were published in the monitoring period. However, reviews of the Romford, Gidea Park and Rainham Conservation Areas took place in 2025 and the updated CAAMPs will go to Cabinet in September 2025 for approval to adopt and publish. |
|--|--|--|--|
|--|--|--|--|

6. GREEN PLACES

| Related Local Plan Policy | Indicators | Target | Results |
|--|---|---|--|
| Green Infrastructure (Policy 29) | Progress on the key green infrastructure projects as set out in Policy 29 | The quality of the features set out in Policy 29: | All London Green Grid is a policy framework to promote the delivery of green infrastructure. There have been some greening projects completed in Havering related to this (e.g. 'Greenways' project). The Green Grid includes Thames Chase Community Forest (including the Land of the Fanns Landscape Partnership, Rainham Wildspace, Roding, Beam and Ingrebourne Catchment Partnership. Thames Chase Community Forest This is an ongoing programme of improvements to the Thames Chase Community Forest. Current projects can be found here. The |
| | | | Thames Chase Plan is available here Thames Chase Plan - Thames Chase Community Forest. Land of the Fanns Landscape Partnership This partnership was set up in 2017 to engaging the local community about the special nature of the Land of the Fanns and record, restore and conserve some of the distinct wildlife and heritage assets of the landscape. The area this |

covered included East London (including Havering), and South West Essex.

The lifetime of this partnership (5 years) has now come to an end. Thames Chase Trust is the legacy body for the partnership. You can read about the <u>legacy</u> project has left on their website and find information about the <u>projects</u> delivered under this partnership.

Rainham Wildspace

This project involves the provision of open space (140 hectares) on current landfill site with importation of waste due to cease by the end of 2024, final landform be complete by the end of 2026 and aftercare through to the end of 2031, after which the land will be available as public open space. Details of the delivery and type of open space depends on funding. P1633.24, received December 20024, proposes extending the operational life of the landfill until the 31st of December 2029 and restoration of the land by 31st December 2031 – the planning application is currently undecided.

Roding, Beam and Ingrebourne Catchment Partnership

This partnership was established to improve the rivers within the catchment and bring direct onthe-ground benefit to people and wildlife as set out in the Roding, Beam and Ingrebourne Catchment Partnership.

| | | | In terms of delivery, the partnership completed floodplain reconnection works on the Chase Local Nature Reserve (which has involved excavations on the Havering and Barking and Dagenham sides). They are now working to deliver volunteer events on the reconnected floodplain. This project was awarded the 2024 Reach Scale award at the UK River Restoration Conference. Work is ongoing with Havering Parks team to fund a flood retention wetland in Rise Park. The partnership supported Havering Council with developing and funding a River Rom Strategy document, with a funding application submitted to the Heritage Fund Nature Towns and Cities Grant as a potential funding source for this work. Although the application was unsuccessful, funding sources for this project continue to be explored. The Partnership continues to work with Havering Council and other stakeholders on various flood risk reduction projects and bids. |
|--------------------------|--|---|---|
| Nature | Changes in areas and | No net loss of designated | i) Data quantifying all priority habitat and |
| conservation (Policy 30) | populations of biodiversity importance, including: | biodiversity sites including: 1. Sites of Special Scientific | species for the borough is not available. |
| | | Interest | ii) The Local Plan 2021 protects 3 SSSIs; 7 |
| | i. Changes in priority | 2. Local Nature Reserves; | Local Nature Reserves; and 101 Sites of |
| | habitats and species (by type); | and 3. Sites of Importance for | Importance for Nature Conservation. Some sites have more than one designation. |
| | and | Nature Conservation | nave more than one designation. |
| | ii. Changes in areas | | |
| | designated for their | in accordance with Policy 30 | |

| | intrinsic environmental value; including sites of international, national, regional, sub-regional or local significance | | iii) There is one development that involved the loss of part of a SINC (0.55 hectares) during the monitoring period: P1150.23: Grove Farm Brook Street Brentwood CM14 5NG. Realignment of the vehicular egress from Grove Farm to slip road from the eastbound A12 to the anti-clockwise M25 at Junction 28 in connection with the M25 Junction 28 Improvement project. |
|---|---|--|---|
| Rivers and River Corridors (Policy 31) | Percentage of main rivers of good or fair chemical and biological quality | In accordance with targets established by Environment Agency | The main rivers in Havering are the Beam, Ravensbourne, Rom, Ingrebourne and Southall Sewer and Runningwater Brook. The most recent data available from the Environment Agency for Ecological quality is 2022 and for Chemical quality, 2019 (England Catchment Data Explorer). For all rivers their status was: • Ecological: Overall – Moderate. • Chemical: Overall - Fail While Ecological status is Moderate overall, there have been reductions in status for Fish, Invertebrates, Dissolved Oxygen, Phosphates on certain water bodies. |
| | | | Chemical Fail status is mainly due to global pollutants (uPBTs). The River Ingrebourne also |

| | | failed due to Cypermethrin, an agricultural insecticide. |
|--|--|---|
| Number of planning permissions granted contrary to the advice of the Environmental Agency | All applications granted are in accordance with Policy 32 | All applications were granted in accordance with Policy 32 during the monitoring period. No permissions have been granted that are contrary to the EA's advice. |
| Number and proportion of developments which incorporate Sustainable Drainage Systems (SuDS) | All applications granted are in accordance with Policy 32 | Seventy-eight per cent of all relevant major applications approved in the monitoring period incorporate SuDS. |
| Improve air quality in Havering by reducing the level of NO2. | To reduce levels of NO2 at identified 'hot-spots', in accordance with the implementation of the strategic Air Quality Action Plan for Havering (2018/23) (as approved by the Mayor of London). | There were 5 'hotspots' for NO2 identified in Havering's 2018-23 Air Quality Action Plan (Romford town Centre, Romford/Rush Green A124, Gallows Corner, Rainham Broadway, and Roneo Corner). The GLA has reduced the number of NO2 'hotspots' to 3 - Romford town Centre, Romford/Rush Green A124, Rainham Broadway. One location is identified by the GLA as an Air Quality Focus area (Romford Town centre). Havering produces Air Quality Annual status reports to track the borough's air quality, which can be found here: Air quality reports London Borough of Havering. There are 66 monitoring sites across the borough. Annual NO2 means exceeded the legal limit in 3 of these locations (latest data from 2023). |
| Percentage of household waste recycled/re-used/composted | All applications granted are in accordance with Policy 35 | Havering's overall recycling rate for 2023/24 was 37.3%, the breakdown of which is below. |
| | permissions granted contrary to the advice of the Environmental Agency Number and proportion of developments which incorporate Sustainable Drainage Systems (SuDS) Improve air quality in Havering by reducing the level of NO2. Percentage of household waste recycled/re- | permissions granted contrary to the advice of the Environmental Agency Number and proportion of developments which incorporate Sustainable Drainage Systems (SuDS) Improve air quality in Havering by reducing the level of NO2. To reduce levels of NO2 at identified 'hot-spots', in accordance with the implementation of the strategic Air Quality Action Plan for Havering (2018/23) (as approved by the Mayor of London). Percentage of household waste recycled/re- All applications granted are in accordance with Policy 32 All applications granted are in accordance with Policy 35 |

| Dry recycling = 20.23% |
|---|
| Composting = 16.73% |
| Re-used waste = 0.34% |
| Overall recycling rate = 37.3% |
| Havering's overall recycling rate for 2022/23 was 36.6%, the breakdown of which is below. |
| Dry recycling = 20.80% |
| Composting = 15.39% |
| Re-used waste = 0.14% |
| Overall recycling = 36.6% |
| rate |

7. MINERALS

| Related Local Plan Policy | Indicators | Target | Results |
|--|--|--|---|
| Mineral Reserves (Policy 37) | Loss of mineral safeguarded land to development | No loss of safeguarded land in accordance with Policy 37 | In the period covered by the AMR, there were no planning applications that permitted the loss of mineral safeguarded land to development. |
| Mineral Extraction (Policy 38) | Production (tonnes) of primary land won aggregates | Production in line with approved schemes for mineral working | Production is in line with approved schemes for mineral working. There were three active mineral sites during the monitoring period: • East Hall Farm • Wennington Quarry • Medina Quarry (aggregates are only produced within the neighbouring authority area of Thurrock). |
| Secondary Aggregates (Policy 39) | Production (tonnes) of secondary/recycled aggregates | Production in line with approved schemes for mineral working | Data for the production (tonnes) of secondary/recycled aggregates was not available for the period covered by the AMR. |

8. MONITORING AND DELIVERY

The first indicator for monitoring and delivery is the "Amount of Planning Obligations/CIL funding secured and spent (including by type)". The target for this indicator is "Developer contributions secured to be maximised and spending to be optimised in accordance with identified priorities". Our infrastructure planning team produces an annual infrastructure statement each year on the details of our planning obligations and CIL funding. This report can be found here.

The last indicator for monitoring and delivery is a review of the Council's LDS milestones. Our most recent LDS can be found here. Below lays out the updates for each milestone in our 2025-2027 LDS.

LDS Milestones:

| Existing planning policy documents | Timescale stated in the LDS | Update |
|---|---|--|
| Local Plan 2016-31 and Policies Map 2021 | Regulation 18 consultation – Autumn 2025 Regulation 19 consultation – Summer 2026 Submission to the Secretary of State - Winter 2026 The timeframe for adoption of the Local Plan is dependent on the Examination Process and is outside the control of the Council. | The review of the adopted Local Plan is underway. Please refer to the Local Development Scheme for the review timetable - Local Development Scheme Planning policy London Borough of Havering. |
| | and is outside the control of the Council. | The evidence base for the update of the Local Plan is underway and once completed is published on the council's web site Local Plan update Planning policy London Borough of Havering |
| Site Specific Allocations Development Plan Document 2008 | To be revoked on adoption of the Local Plan update | The Local Plan update is underway. The Site Specific Allocations DPD 2008 remains in place. |
| Site Allocations in the Romford Area Action Plan 2008 | To be revoked on adoption of the Local Plan update | The Local Plan update is underway, the Site Allocation within the Romford Area Action Plan remain in place. The |

| | | policies in the Romford Area Action Plan were revoked on adoption of the current Local Plan on 17 th November 2021 |
|--|---|---|
| Joint East London Waste Plan | Completion of joint evidence base 2021. Progression of Joint Waste Plan 2022 onwards subject to agreement with the other boroughs | Havering, Newham, Barking and Dagenham, and Redbridge have been working on an East London Joint Waste Plan. A regulation 18 consultation on the draft waste plan took place in summer 2024. Subsequently, a regulation 19 consultation took place in summer 2025. |
| Heritage SPD 2011 including Local List of Heritage Assets | Consultation on updated Heritage SPD – Summer 2022 Adoption of updated by SPD – by end of 2022 Local List of Heritage Assets to be reviewed separately throughout 2022. | There are no plans to update the Heritage SPD. Havering's renewed Local Heritage List was published in September 2024. |
| Residential extensions and alterations SPD 2011 | Consultation on updated Residential Extensions and Alterations SPD (2011) – Summer 2022 Adoption of updated SPD by end of 2022 | There are no plans to update the Residential Extensions and Alterations SPD |
| Hall Lane Policy Area 2009 | Consultation on updated Hall Lane Policy Area SPD – Summer 2022 Adoption of updated SPD – by end of 2022 | Hall Lane Policy Area was reviewed as part of the Havering Character Study (2024). The study recommends analysis of patterns of applications, decisions and appeals before and after the Policy Area came into effect (Appendix 4). This should provide the basis for evaluating the effectiveness of the policy and if alternative measures would be more effective. This work will be taken forward as part of the Local Plan review. |

| Emerson Park Policy Area 2009 | Consultation on updated Emerson Park Policy Area SPD - Summer 2022 Adoption updated SPD – by end of 2022 | Emmerson Park Policy Area was reviewed as part of the Havering Character Study (2024). The study recommends analysis of patterns of applications, decisions and appeals before and after the Policy Area came into effect (Appendix 4). This should provide the basis for evaluating the effectiveness of the policy and if alternative measures would be more effective. This work will be taken forward as part of the Local Plan review. |
|---|--|---|
| Conservation Area Appraisals and Management Plans for each of the designated conservation areas | A review of all Conservation Area Appraisals and Management Plans will take place by the end of 2022. Consultation will take place on any updates to conservation area appraisals in late 2022 and 2023. | Updates to the Conservation Area Appraisals and Management Plans for Romford, Gidea Park and Rainham are underway. Public consultation took place in 2025 and the updated appraisals will be presented to Cabinet in September 2025 to approve adoption and publication. |
| Planning obligations Supplementary Planning Document | Public consultation – Summer 2022 Adoption – Summer 2023 | Consultation – 2025 Adoption – early 2026 |
| Design guide | The Council is currently considering the best way of implementing the new requirement for design guidance and is following the pilot schemes currently underway elsewhere in the Country. As part of the evidence base for this work and for the Local Plan in general, there will be a need to undertake a characterisation study, this work will progress during 2022. | The Character Study was completed and published in 2024 here: Local Plan update Planning policy London Borough of Havering. An overview of the community engagement that has taken place on the study is here. |

| Area based SPDs | The approach to area based Supplementary | The Romford Masterplan Supplementary |
|-----------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| | Planning Documents is under consideration. | Planning Document was adopted on 12 |
| | Further detail will be set out in future | March 2025. |
| | updates to this Local Development Scheme. | |

Site Allocations update:

| Allocation | Status |
|--|--|
| SSA1 Harold Wood Hospital | Delivered |
| SSA2 Whitworth and Broxhill Centres | Delivered |
| SSA3 Elm Park parades | Unimplemented |
| SSA4 Arnold's Field Community Woodland | The community woodland has not been implemented |
| SSA5 Warwick Lane Community Woodland | Delivered |
| SSA6 Rainham Quarry Community Woodland | Rainham Quarry continues to be operational due to use as a processing plant for mineral extraction nearby. The planning approval requires restoration and community use. |
| SSA7 Romford Ice Rink | Planning permission granted |
| SSA8 Upminster Cemetery and South Essex Crematorium | Delivered |
| SSA9 Channel Tunnel Rail Link | The government issued updated safeguarding directions for HS1 in September 2018 |
| SSA10 Crossrail | The safeguarding directions remain in place primarily to protect the route from development in the event of future extensions or improvements to the line in the future |
| SSA11 Beam Park | Planning Permission currently being implemented |
| SSA12 Rainham West | A number of planning permissions have been approved. |
| SSA13 Rainham – Land Between Railway and | Delivered |
| Broadway | |
| SSA14 Rainham Traffic Management System | Delivered |
| SSA15 Rainham Station Transport Interchange and Civic Square | Partially Delivered including the new Rainham Library |
| SSA16 Rainham Central | Unimplemented |

| SSA17 London Riverside Conservation Park | Unimplemented (see updates on the Rainham Wildspace project for further details) |
|--|--|
| SSA18 Ingrebourne Creek | Unimplemented |
| SSA19 Rainham Hall and Grounds | Rainham Hall and Grounds continue to be preserved and enhanced in line with the Allocation |
| ROMSSA1: Angel Way | Unimplemented |
| ROMSSA2 Bridge Close | Planning application submitted (not yet determined) |
| ROMSSA3 Como Street | Unimplemented |
| ROMSSA4 18-46 High Street | Unimplemented |
| ROMSSA5 37-59 High Street | Unimplemented |
| ROMSSA6 Station Gateway and Interchange | Unimplemented |